

# **Panasonic**

## 1 Form A/1 Form C 10A Small power relays

# LQ RELAYS (ALQ)



RoHS compliant

Protective construction: Sealed type

#### **FEATURES**

- 1. Miniature size and small:  $10(W)\times20(L)\times16(H)~mm~.394(W)\times.787(L)\times.630(H)~inch$
- 2. Compact with high capacity: 1 Form A and 1 Form C, 10 A
- 3. Class F coil is available
- 4. Contact rating at 105°C 221°F is approved by UL/C-UL Please refer to "SAFETY STANDARDS" about the detail of contact rating
- 5. Surge 8,000 V, High breakdown voltage 4,000 V (Between contact and coil)

#### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

#### Home appliances

- Refrigerators
- Cooking ovens
- Washing machine
- Air conditioners

## ORDERING INFORMATION

ALQ	
Contact arrangement 1: 1 Form C 3: 1 Form A	
Coil insulation class Nil: Class B insulation F: Class F insulation	
Nominal coil voltage (DC) 05: 5V, 06: 6V, 09: 9V, 12: 12V, 18: 18V, 24: 24V	

#### **TYPES**

1 Form A	1 Form C
Part No.	Part No.
ALQ305	ALQ105
ALQ306	ALQ106
ALQ309	ALQ109
ALQ312	ALQ112
ALQ318	ALQ118
ALQ324	ALQ124
	Part No. ALQ305 ALQ306 ALQ309 ALQ312 ALQ318

Standard packing: Carton 100 pcs., Case 500 pcs.

#### **RATING**

#### 1. Coil data

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	current (±10%] (at 20°C 68°F) (at 20°C 68°F) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. applied voltage
	5V DC		5%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	40.0mA	125 Ω		180% of nominal voltage (at 20°C 68°F) 130% of nominal voltage (at 85°C 185°F)*4
	6V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)		33.3mA	180 Ω		
1 Form A	9V DC			22.2mA	405 Ω	200mW	
	12V DC			16.7mA	720 Ω	20011100	
	18V DC			11.1mA	1,620 Ω		
	24V DC			8.3mA	2,880 Ω		i
1 Form C	5V DC		5%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	80.0mA	62.5Ω		150% of nominal voltage (at 20°C 68°F) 110% of nominal voltage
	6V DC	/ DC 75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)		66.7mA	90 Ω		
	9V DC			44.4mA	202.5Ω	400~\\	
	12V DC			33.3mA	360 Ω	400mW	
	18V DC			22.2mA	810 Ω		(at 85°C 185°F)*4
	24V DC			16.7mA	1,440 Ω		

#### 2. Specifications

Characteristics		Item	Specif	ications			
	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form C			
Contact  Rating  Electrical characteristics	Contact resistance (I	nitial)	Max. 100mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A)				
	Contact material		AgN	Form A			
	Nominal switching ca	pacity (resistive load)	5 A 30 V DC, 10 A 125 V AC, 5 A 250 V AC	10 A 125 V AC, 5 A 250 V AC, 5 A 30 V DC N.C. side:			
Rating	Max. switching powe	r (resistive load)	150 W, 1,250 VA				
	Max. switching voltage	је	250	V AC			
	Max. switching curre	nt	N.O.: 10 A (125V AC), N.C.: 3 A (125V AC)				
	Nominal operating power 200 mW  Min. switching capacity (reference value)*1	200 mW	400 mW				
	Min. switching capac	ity (reference value)*1	100 mA	, 5 V DC			
	Insulation resistance	(Initial)	Min. 1,000 MΩ (at 500 V DC) Measurement at	same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.			
	Breakdown voltage	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)				
	(Initial)	Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (E	Detection current: 10 mA)			
Electrical characteristics	Temperature rise (co	il)*4					
	Surge breakdown vo (Between contact an		, , ,				
	Operate time (at nom	ninal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. 20 ms (excluding co	ntact bounce time.) (Initial)			
	Release time (at non	ninal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. 20 ms (excluding contact bounce time, with diode) (Initial)				
	Shock resistance Functional		1 Form A: 294 m/s², 1 Form C: 196 m/s² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)				
Mechanical		Destructive	980 m/s² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)				
cnaracteristics	N/1 - 1 - 1 - 1	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude	of 1.6 mm (Detection time: 10µs.)			
	Vibration resistance	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2.0 mm				
Expected life	Mechanical		,				
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)				
	Max. operating spee	d	20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)				
Unit weight	•		Approx.	<b>7</b> g .25 oz			
0 '6' '		andarda cartification ratings					

<sup>\*</sup> Specifications will vary with foreign standards certification ratings.

Specifications will vary with foreign standards certification ratings.

Notes:

\*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

\*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

\*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

<sup>\*4.</sup>When using relays in a high ambient temperature, consider the pick-up voltage rise due to the high temperature

(a rise of approx. 0.4% V for each 1°C 33.8°F with 20°C 68°F as a reference) and use a coil impressed voltage that is within the maximum applied voltage range.

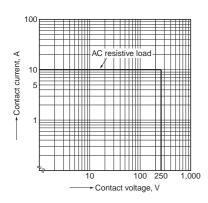
#### 3. Expected electrical life

Condition: Resistive load, at 20°C 68°F, at 20 times/min., with diode

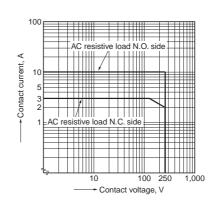
Type		Switching capacity	No. of operations	
1 Form A (at 20 times/min.)		10 A 125 V AC 5 A 250 V AC 5 A 30 V DC	5×10⁴ 5×10⁴ 10⁵	
1 Form C (at 20 times/min.)	N.O.	10 A 125 V AC 5 A 250 V AC 5 A 30 V DC	5×10 <sup>4</sup> 5×10 <sup>4</sup> 10 <sup>5</sup>	
	N.C.	3 A 125 V AC 2 A 250 V AC 1 A 30 V DC	2×10 <sup>5</sup> 2×10 <sup>5</sup> 10 <sup>5</sup>	

#### REFERENCE DATA

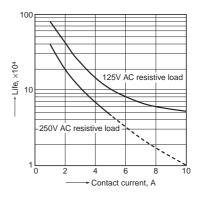
1.-(1) Max. switching capacity (1 Form A type)



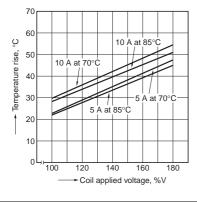
1.-(2) Max. switching capacity (1 Form C type)



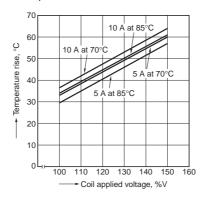
2. Life curve Ambient temperature: room temperature



3.-(1) Coil temperature rise (1 Form A type) Contact carrying current: 5 A, 10 A Measured portion: Inside the coil

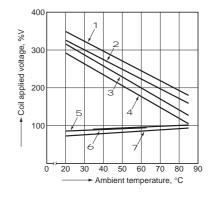


3.-(2) Coil temperature rise (1 Form C type) Contact carrying current: 5 A, 10 A Measured portion: Inside the coil



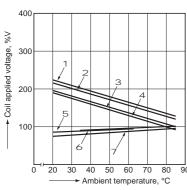
4.-(1) Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A type)

Contact carrying current: 5 A, 10 A



#### 4.-(2) Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form C type)

Contact carrying current: 5 A, 10 A



- 1 Allowable ambient temperature against % coil voltage (max. inside the coil temperature set as 130°C 266°F) (Carrying current: 5 A)
- 2 Allowable ambient temperature against % coil voltage (max. inside the coil temperature set as 130°C 266°F) (Carrying current: 10 A)
- 3 Allowable ambient temperature against % coil voltage (max. inside the coil temperature set as 115°C 239°F) (Carrying current: 5 A)
- 4 Allowable ambient temperature against % coil voltage (max. inside the coil temperature set as 115°C 239°F) (Carrying current: 10 A)
- 5 Pick-up voltage with a hot-start condition of 100%V on the coil (Carrying current: 10 A)
- 6 Pick-up voltage with a hot-start condition of 100%V on the coil (Carrying current: 5 A)
- 7 Pick-up voltage

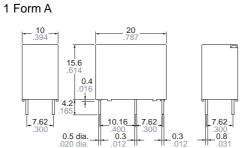
## **DIMENSIONS** (mm inch)

Download CAD Data from our Web site.

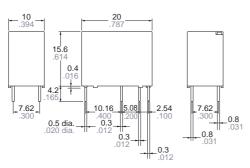
CAD Data



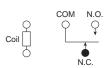
#### External dimensions



1 Form C



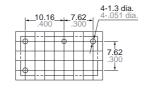
Schematic (Bottom view) 1 Form A 1 Form C

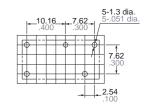


PC board pattern (Bottom view)

1 Form A

1FormC





Tolerance:  $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ 

**Dimension:** 

Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 5mm .197 inch:  $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$ Min. 5mm .197 inch:

General tolerance

 $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$ ±0.4 ±.016

## **SAFETY STANDARDS**

Tuna		UL/C-UL (Recognized)				VDE (Certified)				
Type File	File No.	Contact	Load	Temp.	Cycles	File No.	Contact	Load	Temp.	Cycles
			10A 125V AC, General Use	40°C 104°F	5 × 10 <sup>4</sup>			10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)	85°C 185°F	104
			5A 277V AC, General Use	40°C 104°F	105	40032836	N.O.	10A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4)	85°C 185°F	104
			5A 240V AC, Resistive	80°C 176°F	105			5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)	85°C 185°F	5 × 10 <sup>4</sup>
		N.O.	5A 30V DC, General Use	40°C 104°F	10⁵			5A 30V DC (0ms)	85°C 185°F	104
		N.O.	4FLA/4LRA 277V AC, AC Motor	105°C 221°F	10⁵					
1 Form C	E43028		3FLA/18LRA 240V AC, AC Motor	<b>85°C</b> 185°F	10⁵					
(ALQ1**)	L43020		1/6HP 125V AC, AC Motor Starting	<b>40°C</b> 104°F	10 <sup>3</sup>					
			1/6HP 277V AC, AC Motor Starting	<b>40°C</b> 104°F	10 <sup>3</sup>					
		N.C.	3A 240V AC, Resistive	80°C 176°F	105			3A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4)	85°C 185°F	104
			3A 125V AC, General Use	<b>40°C</b> 104°F	105					
			2A 277V AC, General Use	<b>40°C</b> 104°F	105					
			2A 30V DC, Resistive	<b>40°C</b> 104°F	105					
	E43028	28 N.O.	10A 125V AC, General Use	<b>40°C</b> 104°F	5 × 10 <sup>4</sup>		N.O.	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)	85°C 185°F	104
			10A 125V AC, Carry Only	<b>85°C</b> 185°F	5 × 10 <sup>4</sup>			10A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4)	85°C 185°F	104
			5A 277V AC, General Use	<b>40°C</b> 104°F	105			5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)	85°C 185°F	5 × 10 <sup>4</sup>
			5A 240V AC, General Use	105°C 221°F	$6 \times 10^3$			5A 30V DC (0ms)	85°C 185°F	104
1 Form A			5A 30V DC, General Use	<b>40°C</b> 104°F	10 <sup>5</sup>					
(ALQ3**)			4FLA/4LRA 277V AC, AC Motor Starting	105°C 221°F	10 <sup>5</sup>	40032836				
· ·			1/6HP 277V AC, AC Motor Starting	<b>40°C</b> 104°F	10³					
			1/6HP 125V AC, AC Motor Starting	<b>40°C</b> 104°F	10³					
			4A 125V AC, Resistive Load	105°C 221°F	10 <sup>5</sup>					
			2A 120V AC, Tungsten Load	105°C 221°F	$6 \times 10^3$					
			1A 125V AC, Pilot Duty	105°C 221°F	10 <sup>5</sup>					

Note) CSA standard: Certified by C-UL

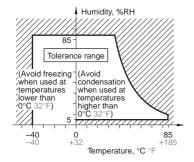
## **NOTES**

1. For cautions for use, please read "GENERAL APPLICATION **GUIDELINES**" on page B-1.

#### NOTES

## Usage, transport and storage conditions

- 1) Temperature: -40 to +85°C -40 to +185°F
- 2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH (Avoid freezing and condensation.) The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.
- Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage



#### 4) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

- 5) Freezing
  - Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperatures is lower than 0°C 32°F. This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.
- 6) Low temperature, low humidity environments The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

#### ■ Solder and cleaning conditions

- 1) Please obey the following conditions when soldering automatically.
- (1) Preheating: Within 120°C 248°F (solder surface terminal portion) and within 120 seconds
- (2) Soldering iron: 260°C±5°C 500°F±41°F (solder temperature) and within 6 seconds (soldering time)
- Do not use ultrasonic cleaning. This will adversely affect relay characteristics. When cleaning the relay, please use alcoholic solvents.

#### **■** Cautions for use

- For precautions regarding use and explanations of technical terminology, please refer to our web site. (panasonic-electric-works.net/ac)
- 2) To ensure good operation, please keep the voltage on the coil ends to ±5% (at 20°C 68°F) of the rated coil operation voltage. Also, please be aware that the pick-up voltage and drop-out voltage may change depending on the temperature and conditions of use.
- 3) Keep the ripple rate of the nominal coil voltage below 5%.
- 4) The cycle lifetime is defined under the standard test condition specified in the JIS C 5442 standard (temperature 15 to 35°C 59 to 95°F, humidity 25 to 75%). Check this with the real device as it is affected by coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase, ambient conditions and other factors.
  - Also, be especially careful of loads such as those listed below.
- When used for AC load-operating and the operating phase is synchronous. Rocking and fusing can easily occur due to contact shifting.
- (2) Highly frequent load-operating

When highly frequent opening and closing of the relay is performed with a load that causes arcs at the contacts, nitrogen and oxygen in the air is fused by the arc energy and HNO<sub>3</sub> is formed. This can corrode metal materials. Three countermeasures for these are listed here.

- Incorporate an arc-extinguishing circuit.
- Lower the operating frequency
- Lower the ambient humidity
- This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
- 6) Heat, smoke, and even a fire may occur if the relay is used in conditions outside of the allowable ranges for the coil ratings, contact ratings, operating cycle lifetime, and other specifications. Therefore, do not use the relay if these ratings are exceeded.
- 7) If the relay has been dropped, the appearance and characteristics should always be checked before use.
- Incorrect wiring may cause unexpected events or the generation of heat or flames.

## For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).