













LM341, LM78M05

SNVS090F-MAY 2004-REVISED DECEMBER 2016

LM341 and LM78M05 Series 3-Terminal 500-mA Positive Voltage Regulators

Features

- Output Current in Excess of 0.5 A
- No External Components
- Internal Thermal Overload Protection
- Internal Short Circuit Current-Limiting
- Output Transistor Safe-Area Compensation
- Available in 3-Pin TO-220, TO-252, and TO packages
- Output Voltages of 5 V and 15 V

Applications

- Electronic Point-of-Sale
- Medical and Health Fitness Applications
- Appliances and White Goods
- TVs and Set-Top Boxes

3 Description

The LM341 and LM78M05 three-pin positive voltage regulators employ built-in current limiting, thermal shutdown, and safe-operating area protection, which makes them virtually immune to damage from output overloads.

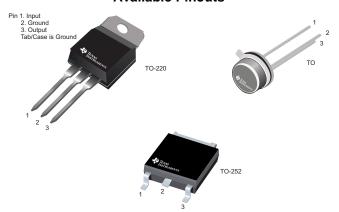
With adequate heat sinking, they can deliver in excess of 0.5-A output current. Typical applications would include local (on-card) regulators which can eliminate the noise and degraded performance associated with single-point regulation.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

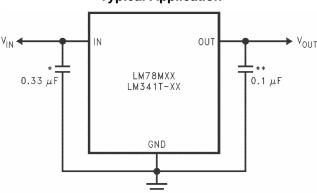
PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)		
LM341	TO-220 (3)	10.16 mm × 14.986 mm		
	TO-220 (3)	10.16 mm × 14.986 mm		
LM78M05	5 TO-252 (3) 6.10 mm ×			
	TO (3)	9.14 mm × 9.14 mm		

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Available Pinouts



Typical Application



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4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

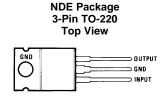
Changes from Revision E (August 2005) to Revision F

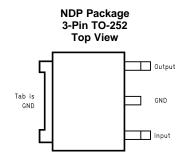
Page

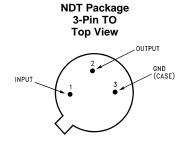
•	Added Applications section, Device Information table, Pin Configuration and Functions section, ESD Ratings table, Recommended Operating Conditions table, Thermal Information table, Detailed Description section, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section
•	Deleted parts marked as obsolete: LM78M12 and LM78M151
•	Changed package type names throughout
•	Deleted 12-V output voltage option from Features
•	Changed R _{0JA} values in <i>Thermal Information</i> table From: 60°C/W To: 22.6°C/W (NDE), From: 92°C/W To: 38°C/W (NDP), and From: 120°C/W To: 162.4°C/W (NDT)
•	Changed R _{0JC(top)} values in <i>Thermal Information</i> table From: 5°C/W To: 17.8°C/W (NDE), From: 10°C/W To: 48.4°C/W (NDP), and From: 18°C/W To: 23.9°C/W (NDT)
•	Updated Thermal Considerations section



5 Pin Configuration and Functions







Pin Functions

PIN								
NAME		NO.		I/O	DESCRIPTION			
NAIVIE	TO-220	TO-252	то					
GND	2/TAB	2/TAB	3	_	Tab is GND			
INPUT	1	1	1	I	Input			
OUTPUT	2	2	2	0	Output			

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)(2)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Input voltage	$V_O = 5 V \text{ to } 15 V$		35	V
Power dissipation	•	Internall	y limited	
Lond town over (Coldesing, 40 c)	TO package (NDT)		300	00
Lead temperature (Soldering, 10 s)	TO-220 package (NDE)		260	°C
Operating junction temperature		-40	125	°C
Storage temperature, T _{stg}		-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Input voltage	V _{OUT} + 1.8	35	V
Output current		0.5	Α

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⁽²⁾ If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the Texas Instruments Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.



6.3 Thermal Information

		LM341	LM78	M05	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	NDE (TO-220)	NDP (TO-252)	NDT (TO)	UNIT
		3 PINS	3 PINS	3 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	22.6	38	162.4	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	17.8	48.4	23.9	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	6	17.7	_	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	3.3	6.7	_	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	6	17.9	_	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	1.3	4.4	_	°C/W

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

6.4 Electrical Characteristics: LM341 (5 V) and LM78M05

 V_{IN} = 10 V, C_{IN} = 0.33 μ F, C_{O} = 0.1 μ F, T_{J} = 25°C (unless otherwise noted). Limits are specified by production testing or correlation techniques using standard Statistical Quality Control (SQC) methods.

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
		I _L = 500 mA		4.8	5	5.2		
Vo	Output voltage	$I_L = 5 \text{ mA to } 500 \text{ mA}, P_D \le 7.5 \text{ W},$ $V_{IN} = 7.5 \text{ V to } 20 \text{ V}, T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		4.75	5	5.25	V	
	line verdetien	agulation V 7.2 V to 25 V	I _L = 100 mA			50	\/	
V _{RLINE}	Line regulation	$V_{IN} = 7.2 \text{ V to } 25 \text{ V}$ $I_L = 500 \text{ mA}$				100	00 mV	
V _{RLOAD}	Load regulation	I _L = 5 mA to 500 mA				100	mV	
IQ	Quiescent current	I _L = 500 mA			4	10	mA	
	Octobroad summer delication	I _L = 5 mA to 500 mA				0.5	1	
ΔI_{Q}	Quiescent current change	$V_{IN} = 7.5 \text{ V to } 25 \text{ V}, I_L = 500 \text{ mA}$				1	mA	
V _n	Output noise voltage	f = 10 Hz to 100 kHz			40		μV	
ΔV_{IN}	Ripple rejection	f = 120 Hz, I _L = 500 mA			78		dB	
V _{IN}	Input voltage required to maintain line regulation	I _L = 500 mA		7.2			V	
ΔV_{O}	Long-term stability	$I_L = 500 \text{ mA}, T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C to}$	125°C			20	mV/khrs	

6.5 Electrical Characteristics: LM341 (12 V)

 V_{IN} = 19 V, C_{IN} = 0.33 μ F, C_{O} = 0.1 μ F, T_{J} = 25°C (unless otherwise noted). Limits are specified by production testing or correlation techniques using standard Statistical Quality Control (SQC) methods.

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDIT	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
		I _L = 500 mA		11.5	12	12.5	
Vo	Output voltage	$I_L = 5$ mA to 500 mA, $P_D \le 7.5$ W, $V_{IN} = 14.8$ V to 27 V, $T_{.I} = -40$ °C to 125°C		11.4	12	12.6	V
.,	line verdetien	V _{IN} = 14.5 V to 30 V	I _L = 100 mA			120	\/
V _{RLINE}	Line regulation	$V_{IN} = 14.5 \text{ V to } 30 \text{ V}$	I _L = 500 mA			240	mV
V_{RLOAD}	Load regulation	I _L = 5 mA to 500 mA				240	mV
IQ	Quiescent current	I _L = 500 mA			4	10	mA
4.1	Quiescent current change	I _L = 5 mA to 500 mA				0.5	mA
ΔI_{Q}		V _{IN} = 14.8 V to 30 V, I _L = 500 mA				1	
V _n	Output noise voltage	f = 10 Hz to 100 kHz			75		μV
ΔV_{IN}	Ripple rejection	f = 120 Hz, I _L = 500 mA			71		dB
V _{IN}	Input voltage required to maintain line regulation	I _L = 500 mA		14.5			V
ΔV_{O}	Long-term stability	$I_L = 500 \text{ mA}, T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C to}$	125°C			48	mV/khrs

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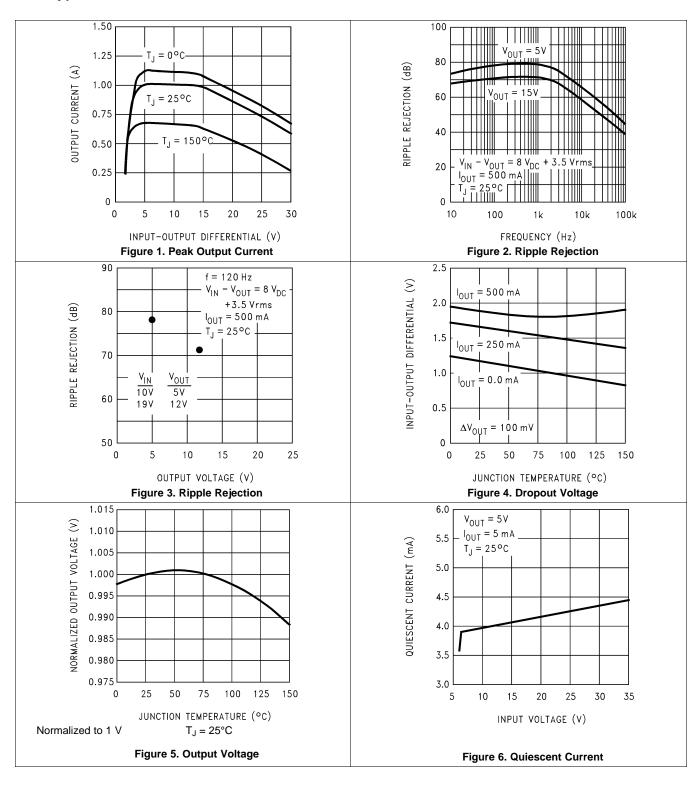
6.6 Electrical Characteristics: LM341 (15 V)

 V_{IN} = 23 V, C_{IN} = 0.33 μ F, C_{O} = 0.1 μ F, T_{J} = 25°C (unless otherwise noted). Limits are specified by production testing or correlation techniques using standard Statistical Quality Control (SQC) methods.

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
		I _L = 500 mA		14.4	15	15.6	
Vo	Output voltage	$I_L = 5$ mA to 500 mA, $P_D \le 7.5$ W, $V_{IN} = 18$ V to 30 V, $T_J = -40^{\circ}$ C to 125°C		14.25	15	15.75	V
V Line resolution V		\/ 47.6\/ to 20\/	I _L = 100 mA			150	m)/
V _{RLINE}	Line regulation	$V_{IN} = 17.6 \text{ V to } 30 \text{ V}$ $I_L = 500 \text{ mA}$				300	300 mV
V_{RLOAD}	Load regulation	$I_L = 5$ mA to 500 mA	I _L = 5 mA to 500 mA			300	mV
IQ	Quiescent current	I _L = 500 mA			4	10	mA
	Outlineast summer shares	I _L = 5 mA to 500 mA				0.5	A
ΔI_Q	Quiescent current change	V _{IN} = 18 V to 30 V, I _L = 500 mA				1	mA
V _n	Output noise voltage	f = 10 Hz to 100 kHz			90		μV
ΔV_{IN}	Ripple rejection	f = 120 Hz, I _L = 500 mA			69		dB
V _{IN}	Input voltage required to maintain line regulation	I _L = 500 mA		17.6			V
ΔV_{O}	Long-term stability	$I_L = 500 \text{ mA}, T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C to}$	125°C			60	mV/khrs

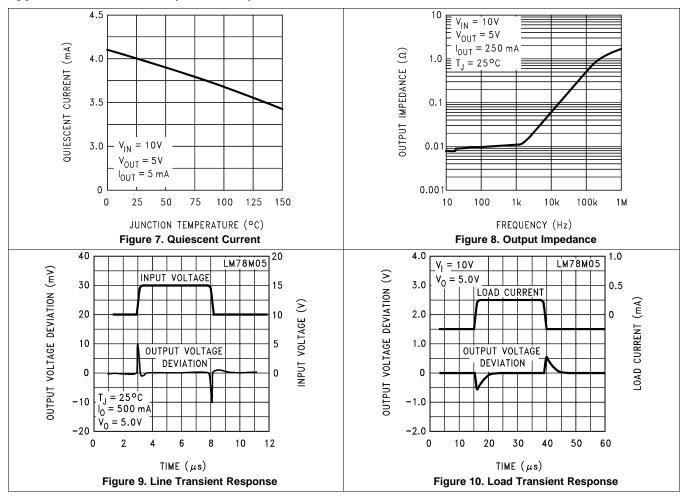


6.7 Typical Characteristics





Typical Characteristics (continued)





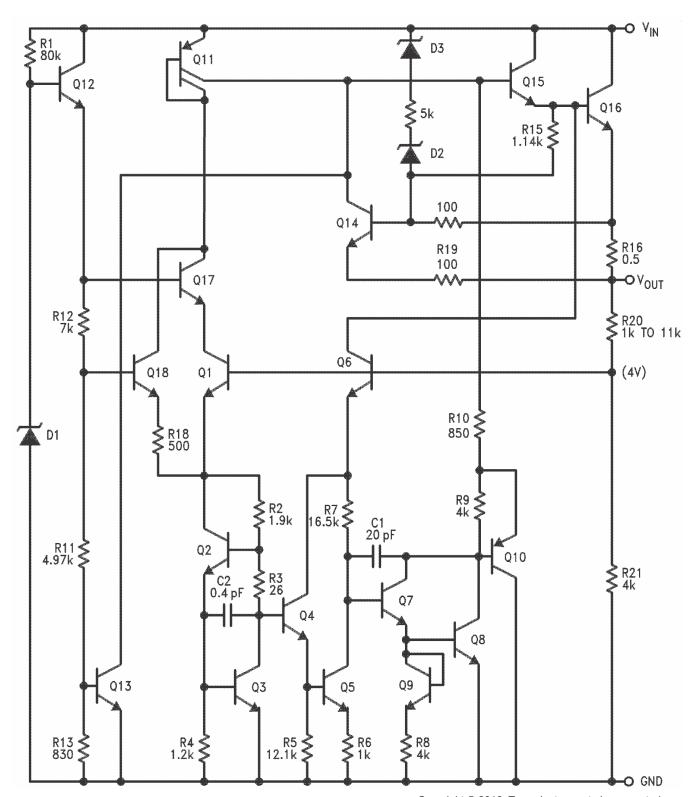
7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The LM341 and LM78M05 devices are a family of fixed positive voltage regulators. They can accept up to 35 V at the input and regulate it down to outputs of 5 V, 12 V, or 15 V. The devices are capable of supplying up to 500 mA of output current, although it is important to ensure there is adequate heat sinking to avoid exceeding thermal limits. However, in the case of accidental overload the device has built in current limiting, thermal shutdown and safe-operating area protection to prevent damage from occurring.



7.2 Functional Block Diagram



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7.3 Feature Description

The LM341 and LM78M05 fixed voltage regulators have built-in thermal overload protection which prevents the device from being damaged due to excessive junction temperature.

The regulators also contain internal short-circuit protection which limits the maximum output current, and safearea protection for the pass transistor which reduces the short-circuit current as the voltage across the pass transistor is increased.

Although the internal power dissipation is automatically limited, the maximum junction temperature of the device must be kept below 125°C to meet data sheet specifications. An adequate heat sink must be provided to assure this limit is not exceeded under worst-case operating conditions (maximum input voltage and load current) if reliable performance is to be obtained.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

7.4.1 Normal Operation

The device OUTPUT pin sources current necessary to make the voltage at the OUTPUT pin equal to the fixed voltage level of the device.

7.4.2 Operation With Low Input Voltage

The device requires up to 2-V headroom $(V_I - V_O)$ to operate in regulation. With less headroom, the device may drop out of regulation in which the OUTPUT voltage would equal INPUT voltage minus dropout voltage.

7.4.3 Operation in Self Protection

When an overload occurs, the device shuts down Darlington NPN output stage or reduce the output current to prevent device damage. The device automatically resets from the overload. The output may be reduced or alternate between on and off until the overload is removed.



8 Application and Implementation

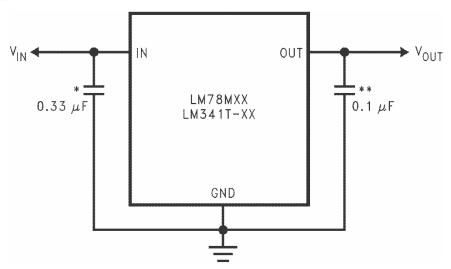
NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The LM341 and LM78Mxx devices are fixed voltage regulators meaning no external feedback resistors are required to set the output voltage. Input and output capacitors are also not required for the device to be stable. However input capacitance helps filter noise from the supply and output capacitance improves the transient response.

8.2 Typical Application



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Figure 11. Typical Application

8.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 1 as the input parameters.

Table 1. Design Parameters

PARAMETER	VALUE
C _{IN}	0.33 μF
C _{OUT}	0.1 μF

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

8.2.2.1 Input Voltage

Regardless of the output voltage option being used (5 V, 12 V, 15 V), the input voltage must be at least 2 V greater to ensure proper regulation (7 V, 14 V, 17 V).

Product Folder Links: LM341 LM78M05

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^{*}Required if regulator input is more than 4 inches from input filter capacitor (or if no input filter capacitor is used).

^{**}Optional for improved transient response.



8.2.2.2 Output Current

Depending on the input-output voltage differential, the output current must be limited to ensure maximum power dissipation is not exceeded. The graph in Figure 1 shows the appropriate current limit for a variety of conditions.

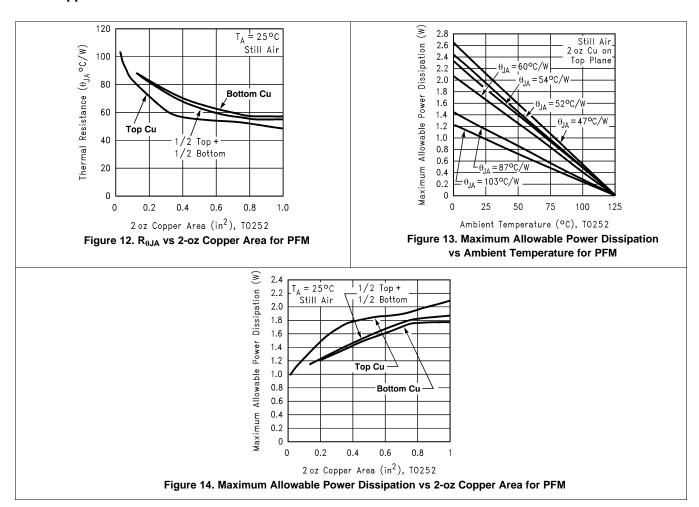
8.2.2.3 Input Capacitor

If no power supply filter capacitor is used or if the device is placed more than four inches away from the capacitor of the power supply, an additional capacitor placed at the input pin of the device helps bypass noise.

8.2.2.4 Output Capacitor

These devices are designed to be stable with no output capacitance and can be omitted from the design if needed. However if large changes in load are expected, an output capacitor is recommended to improve the transient response.

8.2.3 Application Curves



9 Power Supply Recommendations

The LM341 and LM78M05 devices are designed to operate from an input voltage supply range between $V_{OUT} + 2 \text{ V}$ to 35 V. If the device is more than four inches from the power supply filter capacitors, an input bypass capacitor 0.1- μ F or greater of any type is recommended.



10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

Some layout guidelines must be followed to ensure proper regulation of the output voltage with minimum noise. TI recommends that the input terminal be bypassed to ground with a bypass capacitor. The optimum placement is closest to the input terminal of the device and the system GND. Take care to minimize the loop area formed by the bypass-capacitor connection, the input terminal, and the system GND. Traces carrying the load current must be wide to reduce the amount of parasitic trace inductance. In cases when VIN shorts to ground, an external diode must be placed from VOUT to VIN to divert the surge current from the output capacitor and protect the IC. This diode must be placed close to the corresponding IC pins to increase their effectiveness.

10.2 Layout Example

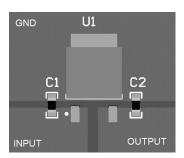


Figure 15. Layout Recommendation

10.3 Thermal Considerations

When an integrated circuit operates with appreciable current, its junction temperature is elevated. It is important to quantify its thermal limits to achieve acceptable performance and reliability. This limit is determined by summing the individual parts consisting of a series of temperature rises from the semiconductor junction to the operating environment. A one-dimension steady-state model of conduction heat transfer is demonstrated in Figure 16. The heat generated at the device junction flows through the die to the die attach pad, through the lead frame to the surrounding case material, to the printed-circuit board, and eventually to the ambient environment.

There are several variables that may affect the thermal resistance and in turn the need for a heat sink, which includes the following.

Component variables (R_{0JC})

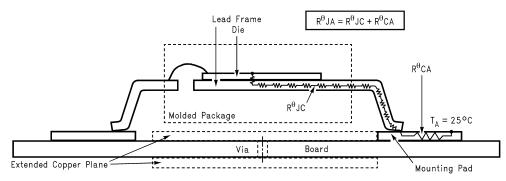
- · Leadframe size and material
- Number of conduction pins
- Die size
- · Die attach material
- Molding compound size and material

Application variables (R_{θCA})

- Mounting pad size, material, and location
- Placement of mounting pad
- · PCB size and material
- Traces length and width
- · Adjacent heat sources
- · Volume of air
- Ambient temperature
- · Shape of mounting pad



Thermal Considerations (continued)



The case temperature is measured at the point where the leads contact the mounting pad surface

Figure 16. Cross-Sectional View of Integrated Circuit Mounted on a Printed-Circuit Board

The LM341 and LM78M05 regulators have internal thermal shutdown to protect the device from overheating. Under all possible operating conditions, the junction temperature of the LM341 and LM78M05 must be within the range of 0° C to 125° C. A heat sink may be required depending on the maximum power dissipation and maximum ambient temperature of the application. To determine if a heat sink is needed, the power dissipated by the regulator (P_D) is calculated using Equation 1.

$$I_{IN} = I_L + I_G \tag{1}$$

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_L + (V_{IN} \times I_G)$$
(2)

Figure 17 shows the voltages and currents which are present in the circuit.

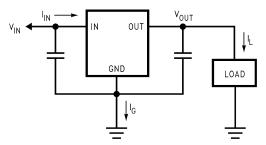


Figure 17. Power Dissipation Diagram

The next parameter which must be calculated is the maximum allowable temperature rise, T_{R(MAX)}.

$$T_{R(MAX)} = T_{J(MAX)} - T_{A(MAX)}$$

where

- T_{J(MAX)} is the maximum allowable junction temperature (125°C)
- T_{A(MAX)} is the maximum ambient temperature encountered in the application

Using the calculated values for $T_{R(MAX)}$ and P_D , the maximum allowable value for the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance ($R_{\theta JA}$) can be calculated with Equation 3.

$$R_{\theta JA} = T_{R(MAX)} / P_{D}$$
 (3)

As a design aid, Table 2 shows the value of the $R_{\theta JA}$ of TO-252 for different heat sink area. The copper patterns that we used to measure these $R_{\theta JA}$ are shown at the end of *AN-1028 Maximum Power Enhancement Techniques for Power Packages* (SNVA036). Figure 12 reflects the same test results as what are in the Table 2.

Figure 13 shows the maximum allowable power dissipation versus ambient temperature for the PFM device. Figure 14 shows the maximum allowable power dissipation versus copper area (in²) for the TO-252 device. For power enhancement techniques to be used with TO-252 package, see *AN-1028 Maximum Power Enhancement Techniques for Power Packages* (SNVA036).



Thermal Considerations (continued)

Table 2. $R_{\theta JA}$ Different Heat Sink Area

LAYOUT	COPPER	THERMAL RESISTANCE: R _{θJA} (°C/W)					
	TOP SIDE(1)	BOTTOM SIDE	TO-252				
1	0.0123	0	103				
2	0.066	0	87				
3	0.3	0	60				
4	0.53	0	54				
5	0.76	0	52				
6	1	0	47				
7	0	0.2	84				
8	0	0.4	70				
9	0	0.6	63				
10	0	0.8	57				
11	0	1	57				
12	0.066	0.066	89				
13	0.175	0.175	72				
14	0.284	0.284	61				
15	0.392	0.392	55				
16	0.5	0.5	53				

⁽¹⁾ Tab of device is attached to topside copper.



11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Documentation Support

11.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

AN-1028 Maximum Power Enhancement Techniques for Power Packages (SNVA036)

11.2 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

Table 3. Related Links

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	SAMPLE & BUY	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
LM341	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
LM78M05	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here

11.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

11.4 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E™ Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community.* Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

11.5 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

11.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

11.7 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
LM341T-15/NOPB	ACTIVE	TO-220	NDE	3	45	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LM341T-15 LM78M15CT	Samples
LM341T-5.0	NRND	TO-220	NDE	3	45	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	LM341T-5.0 LM78M05CT	
LM341T-5.0/NOPB	ACTIVE	TO-220	NDE	3	45	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LM341T-5.0 LM78M05CT	Samples
LM78M05CDT	NRND	TO-252	NDP	3	75	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	LM78M05 CDT	
LM78M05CDT/NOPB	ACTIVE	TO-252	NDP	3	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	LM78M05 CDT	Samples
LM78M05CDTX	NRND	TO-252	NDP	3	2500	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	LM78M05 CDT	
LM78M05CDTX/NOPB	ACTIVE	TO-252	NDP	3	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	LM78M05 CDT	Samples
LM78M05CH	ACTIVE	ТО	NDT	3	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LM78M05CH ~ LM78M05CH)	Samples
LM78M05CH/NOPB	ACTIVE	ТО	NDT	3	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LM78M05CH ~ LM78M05CH)	Samples
LM78M05CT	NRND	TO-220	NDE	3	45	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	LM341T-5.0 LM78M05CT	
LM78M05CT/NOPB	ACTIVE	TO-220	NDE	3	45	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LM341T-5.0 LM78M05CT	Samples
LM78M15CT/NOPB	ACTIVE	TO-220	NDE	3	45	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LM341T-15 LM78M15CT	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

17-Mar-2017

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free** (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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