

TPS7A7001 Very Low Input, Very Low Dropout, 2-Amp Regulator With Enable

1 Features

- Input Voltage as Low as 1.425 V
- 380 mV Dropout Maximum at 2 A
- Adjustable Output from 0.5 V
- Protections: Current Limit and Thermal Shutdown
- Enable Pin
- 1- μ A Quiescent Current in Shutdown Mode
- Full Industrial Temperature Range
- Available in SO-8, Fully RoHS-Compliant Package

2 Applications

- Telecom and Networking Cards
- Motherboards and Peripheral Cards
- Industrial
- Wireless Infrastructure
- Set-Top Boxes
- Medical Equipment
- Notebook Computers
- Battery-Powered Systems

3 Description

The TPS7A7001 is a high-performance, positive-voltage, low-dropout (LDO) regulator designed for applications requiring very low input voltage and very low dropout voltage at up to 2 A. The device operates with a single input voltage as low as 1.425 V, and with an output voltage programmable to as low as 0.5 V. The output voltage can be set with an external resistor divider.

The TPS7A7001 features ultra-low dropout, ideal for applications where V_{OUT} is very close to V_{IN} . Additionally, the TPS7A7001 has an enable pin for further reduced power dissipation while in shutdown mode. The TPS7A7001 provides excellent regulation over variations in line, load, and temperature.

The TPS7A7001 is available in an 8-pin SO PowerPAD™ package.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS7A7001	SO PowerPAD (8)	3.90 mm x 4.89 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the package option addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Typical Application

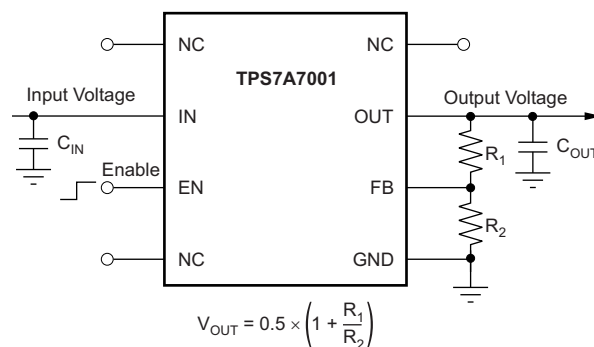


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4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision E (August 2015) to Revision F	Page
• Changed "operating free-air" to "junction" in <i>Absolute Maximum Ratings</i> table condition line	5
• Changed OUT pin max voltage from 7 to $V_{IN} + 0.3\text{ V}$ or 7 V, whichever is smaller, in <i>Absolute Maximum Ratings</i> table (moved OUT from first row to second row)	5
• Deleted T_A , ambient temperature range, from <i>Recommended Operating Conditions</i> table	5
• Changed C_{OUT} max value from 47 μF to 200 μF in <i>Recommended Operating Conditions</i> table.....	5
• Added note (2) to <i>Recommended Operating Conditions</i> table regarding C_{OUT} max value	5
• Added feedforward capacitance to <i>Recommended Operating Conditions</i> table.....	5
• Deleted redundant notes 2 to 7 in the <i>Thermal Information</i> table; all information from deleted notes available in application report shown in note (1)	5
• Changed note (1) in <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> ; deleted initial reference to R_1 and updated R_2 resistor range	6
• Changed <i>Output Capacitor (OUT)</i> section; reworded for clarity	10

Changes from Revision D (September 2013) to Revision E	Page
• Added <i>ESD Ratings</i> table, <i>Feature Description</i> section, <i>Device Functional Modes</i> , <i>Application and Implementation</i> section, <i>Power Supply Recommendations</i> section, <i>Layout</i> section, <i>Device and Documentation Support</i> section, and <i>Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information</i> section.	1

Changes from Revision C (January 2013) to Revision D	Page
• Added new text to <i>Internal Current Limit</i> section	8

Changes from Revision B (July 2012) to Revision C	Page
• Deleted maximum value for Output Current Limit parameter in <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table	6

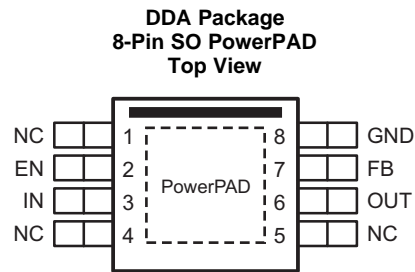
Changes from Revision A (June 2012) to Revision B
Page

- Changed Output Voltage, I_{LIM} parameter test conditions in *Electrical Characteristics* table 6
-

Changes from Original (January 2012) to Revision A
Page

- Changed *Adjustable Output* feature bullet..... 1
 - Changed output voltage minimum value in first paragraph of *Description* section 1
 - Changed *Electrical Characteristics* condition line..... 6
 - Changed *Output Voltage Accuracy* parameter in *Electrical Characteristics* 6
 - Changed test conditions for *Dropout Voltage* parameter in *Electrical Characteristics*..... 6
 - Changed note (1) in *Electrical Characteristics* 6
 - Added new note (4) to *Electrical Characteristics*..... 6
-

5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
EN	2	I	Enable input. Pulling this pin below 0.5 V turns the regulator off. Connect to V_{IN} if not being used.
FB	7	I	This pin is the output voltage feedback input through voltage dividers. See the Table 2 for more details.
GND	8	–	Ground pin
IN	3	I	Unregulated supply voltage pin. It is recommended to connect an input capacitor to this pin.
NC	1, 4, 5	–	Not internally connected. The NC pins are not connected to any electrical node. It is recommended to connect the NC pins to large-area planes.
OUT	6	O	Regulated output pin. A 4.7- μ F or larger capacitor of any type is required for stability.
PowerPAD			TI strongly recommends connecting the thermal pad to a large-area ground plane. If an electrically floating, dedicated thermal plane is available, the thermal pad can also be connected to it.

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over junction temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Voltage	IN	-0.3	7	V
	EN, FB, OUT	-0.3	$V_{IN} + 0.3^{(2)}$	
Current	OUT		Internally limited	A
Temperature	Operating virtual junction, T_J	-55	150	°C
	Storage, T_{stg}	-55	150	

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) The absolute maximum rating is $V_{IN} + 0.3$ V or 7.0 V, whichever is smaller.

6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
$V_{(ESD)}$	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±500

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V_{IN}	Input voltage	1.425		6.5	V
V_{EN}	Enable pin voltage	0		V_{IN}	V
C_{IN}	Input capacitor	1		10	μF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitor ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	4.7	10	200	μF
C_{FB}	Feedforward capacitance	0		100	nF
I_{OUT}	Output current	0		2	A
T_J	Junction temperature	-40		125	°C

- (1) See [Figure 1](#) and [Figure 2](#) for additional output capacitor ESR requirements.
- (2) For output capacitors larger than 47 μF, a feedforward capacitor of at least 220 pF must be used.

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TPS7A7001	UNIT
		DDA (SO PowerPAD)	
		8 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	46.4	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	54.2	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	29.9	°C/W
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	10.2	°C/W
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	29.8	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	6.8	°C/W

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

Over the full operating temperature range (see [Recommended Operating Conditions](#)), $V_{EN} = 1.1\text{ V}$, $V_{FB} = V_{OUT}^{(1)}$, $1.425\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 6.5\text{ V}$, $10\text{ }\mu\text{A} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 2\text{ A}$, $C_{OUT} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ (unless otherwise noted). Typical values are at $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
INPUT VOLTAGE						
I_{GND}	GND pin current (small)	$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$, 50- Ω load resistor between OUT and GND			3	mA
	GND pin current (shutdown)	$V_{IN} = 6.5\text{ V}$, $V_{EN} = 0\text{ V}$			5	μA
OUTPUT VOLTAGE						
V_{OUT}	Output voltage accuracy ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5\text{ V}^{(4)}$, $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$	-2%		2%	
		$V_{IN} = 1.8\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 0.8\text{ A}$, $0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J = T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	-2%		2%	
		$I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$	-3%		3%	
$\Delta V_{O(\Delta V_I)}$	Line regulation	$I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$		0.2	0.4	%/V
$\Delta V_{O(\Delta I_O)}$	Load regulation ⁽³⁾	$10\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 2\text{ A}$		0.25	0.75	%/A
V_{DO}	Dropout voltage ⁽⁵⁾	$I_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ A}$, $0.5\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} \leq 5.0\text{ V}$			200	mV
		$I_{OUT} = 1.5\text{ A}$, $0.5\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} \leq 5.0\text{ V}$			300	
		$I_{OUT} = 2.0\text{ A}$, $0.5\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} \leq 5.0\text{ V}$			380	
I_{LIM}	Output current limit	$V_{IN} = 1.425\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 0.9 \times V_{OUT(NOM)}$	2.1			A
FEEDBACK						
V_{REF}	Reference voltage accuracy	$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $V_{FB} = V_{OUT}$, $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$	0.490	0.500	0.510	V
I_{FB}	FB pin current	$V_{FB} = 0.5\text{ V}$			1	μA
ENABLE						
I_{EN}	EN pin current	$V_{EN} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$			0.2	μA
V_{ILEN}	EN pin input low (disable)	$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$	0		0.5	V
V_{IHEN}	EN pin input high (enable)	$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$	1.1		V_{IN}	V
TEMPERATURE						
T_{SD}	Thermal shutdown temperature	Shutdown, temperature increasing		160		$^\circ\text{C}$
		Reset, temperature decreasing		140		$^\circ\text{C}$

- When setting V_{OUT} to a value other than 0.5 V, connect R_2 to the FB pin using $27\text{-k}\Omega \leq R_2 \leq 33\text{-k}\Omega$ resistors. See [Functional Block Diagram](#) for details of R_1 and R_2 .
- Accuracy does not include error on feedback resistors R_1 and R_2 .
- TPS7A7001 is not tested at $V_{OUT} = 0.5\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 6.5\text{ V}$, and $500\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 2\text{ A}$ because the power dissipation is higher than the maximum rating of the package. Also, this accuracy specification does not apply to any application condition that exceeds the power dissipation limit of the package.
- $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5\text{ V}$ or 1.425 V , whichever is greater.
- $V_{DO} = V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$ with $V_{FB} = \text{GND}$ configuration.

6.6 Typical Characteristics

for all fixed voltage versions and an adjustable version at $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, $C_{IN} = 10 \mu\text{F}$, $C_{OUT} = 10 \mu\text{F}$, and using the component values in Table 2 (unless otherwise noted)

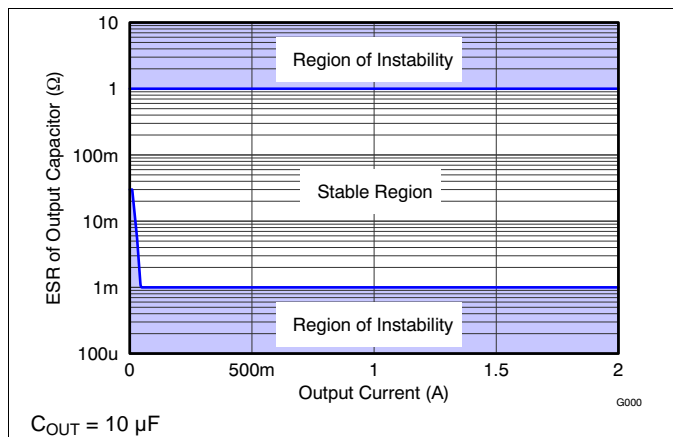


Figure 1. Stability Curve

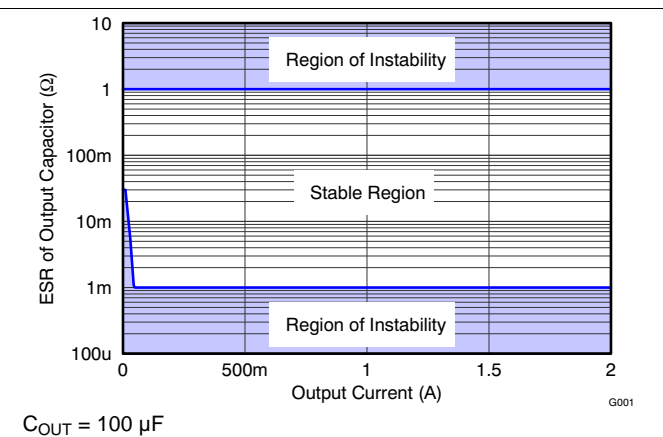


Figure 2. Stability Curve

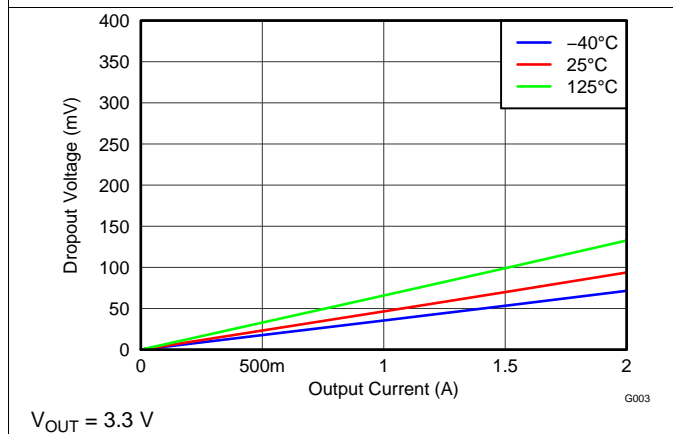


Figure 3. Dropout Voltage vs Output Current

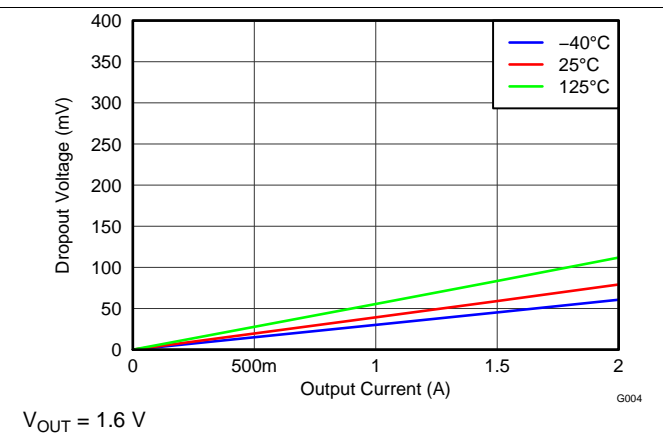


Figure 4. Dropout Voltage vs Output Current

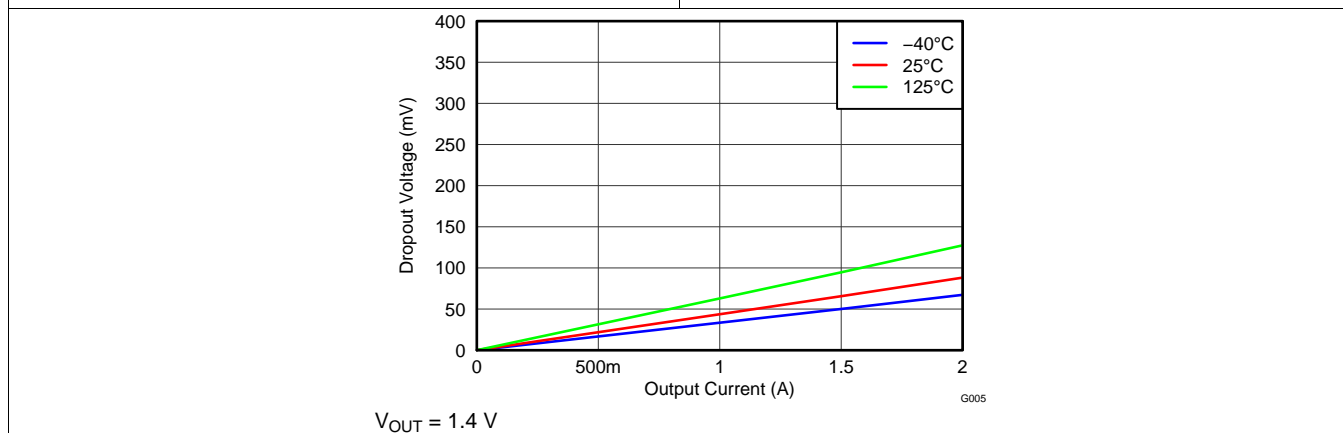


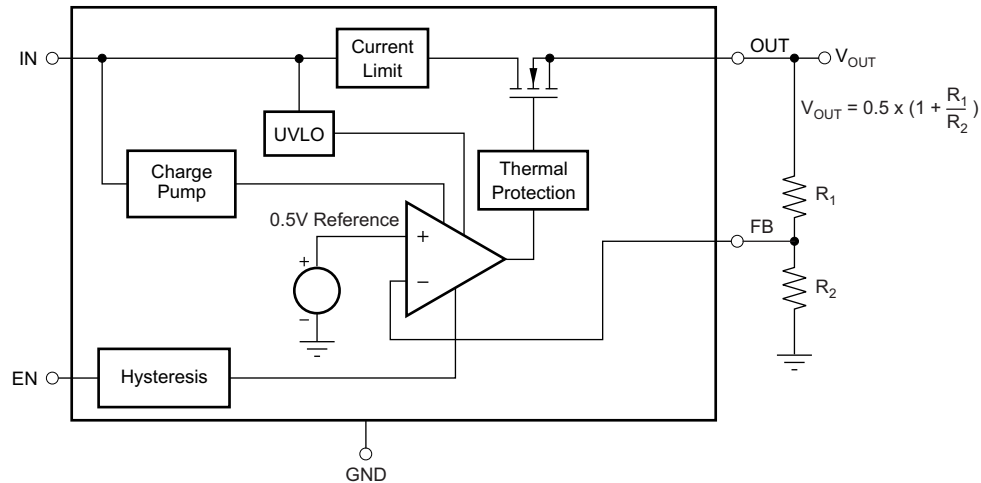
Figure 5. Dropout Voltage vs Output Current

7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The TPS7A7001 offers a high current supply with very low dropout voltage. The TPS7A7001 is designed to minimize the required component count for a simple, small-size, and low-cost solution.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Enable (EN)

The enable pin (EN) is an active high logic input. When it is logic low, the device turns off and its consumption current is less than 1 μA . When it is logic high, the device turns on. The EN pin is required to be connected to a logic high or logic low level.

When the enable function is not required, connect EN to VIN.

7.3.2 Internal Current Limit

The TPS7A7001 internal current limit helps protect the regulator during fault conditions. During current limit, the output sources a fixed amount of current that is largely independent of output voltage. For reliable operation, the device should not be operated in a current limit state for extended periods of time.

Powering on the device with the enable pin, or increasing the input voltage above the minimum operating voltage while a low-impedance short exists on the output of the device, may result in a sequence of high-current pulses from the input to the output of the device. The energy consumed by the device is minimal during these events; therefore, there is no failure risk. Additional input capacitance helps to mitigate the load transient requirement of the upstream supply during these events.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1 provides a quick comparison between the normal, dropout, and disabled modes of operation.

Table 1. Device Functional Mode Comparison

OPERATING MODE	PARAMETER			
	V_{IN}	EN	I_{OUT}	T_J
Normal	$V_{IN} > V_{OUT(nom)} + V_{DO}$	$V_{EN} > V_{EN(HI)}$	$I_{OUT} < I_{CL}$	$T_J < T_{SD}$
Dropout	$V_{IN} < V_{OUT(nom)} + V_{DO}$	$V_{EN} > V_{EN(HI)}$	$I_{OUT} < I_{CL}$	$T_J < T_{SD}$
Disabled	—	$V_{EN} < V_{EN(LO)}$	—	$T_J > T_{SD}$

7.4.1 Normal Operation

The device regulates to the nominal output voltage under the following conditions:

- The input voltage is greater than the nominal output voltage plus the dropout voltage ($V_{OUT(nom)} + V_{DO}$).
- The enable voltage has previously exceeded the enable rising threshold voltage and not yet decreased below the enable falling threshold.
- The output current is less than the current limit ($I_{OUT} < I_{CL}$).
- The device junction temperature is less than the thermal shutdown temperature ($T_J < T_{SD}$).

7.4.2 Dropout Operation

If the input voltage is lower than the nominal output voltage plus the specified dropout voltage, but all other conditions are met for normal operation, the device operates in dropout mode. In this mode, the output voltage tracks the input voltage. During this mode, the transient performance of the device becomes significantly degraded because the pass device is in a triode state and no longer controls the current through the LDO. Line or load transients in dropout can result in large output-voltage deviations.

8 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

8.1.1 Input Capacitor (IN)

Although an input capacitor is not required for stability, it is recommended to connect a 1- μ F to 10- μ F low equivalent series resistance (ESR) capacitor across IN and GND near the device.

8.1.2 Output Capacitor (OUT)

The TPS7A7001 is stable with standard ceramic capacitors with capacitance values from 4.7 μ F to 47 μ F without a feedforward capacitor. For output capacitors from 47 μ F to 200 μ F, a feedforward capacitor of at least 220 pF must be used. The TPS7A7001 is evaluated using an X5R-type, 10- μ F ceramic capacitor. X5R- and X7R-type capacitors are recommended because of minimal variation in value and ESR over temperature. Maximum ESR must be less than 1 Ω .

As with any regulator, increasing the size of the output capacitor reduces overshoot and undershoot magnitude, but increases duration of the transient response.

8.1.3 Feedback Resistors (FB)

The voltage on the FB pin sets the output voltage and is determined by the values of R_1 and R_2 . The values of R_1 and R_2 can be calculated for any voltage using the formula given in [Equation 1](#):

$$V_{OUT} = 0.5 \times \left(1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2} \right) \quad (1)$$

[Table 2](#) shows the recommended resistor values for the best performance of the TPS7A7001. If the values in [Table 2](#) are not used, keep the value of R_2 between 27 k Ω and 33 k Ω . In [Table 2](#), E96 series resistors are used. For the actual design, pay attention to any resistor error factors.

Table 2. Sample Resistor Values for Common Output Voltages

V_{OUT}	R_1	R_2
1.0 V	30.1 k Ω	30.1 k Ω
1.2 V	42.2 k Ω	30.1 k Ω
1.5 V	60.4 k Ω	30.1 k Ω
1.8 V	78.7 k Ω	30.1 k Ω
2.5 V	121 k Ω	30.1 k Ω
3.0 V	150 k Ω	30.1 k Ω
3.3 V	169 k Ω	30.1 k Ω
5.0 V	274 k Ω	30.1 k Ω

8.2 Typical Application

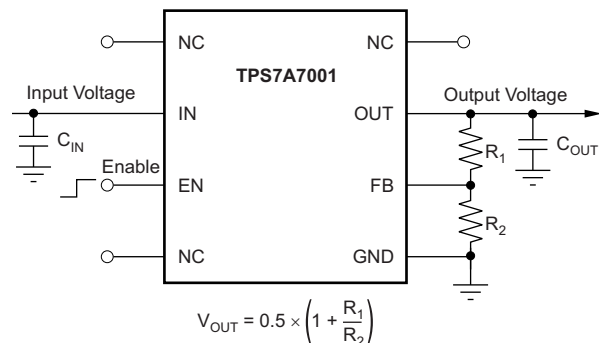


Figure 6. Typical Application

8.2.1 Design Requirements

Table 3 lists the design parameters.

Table 3. Design Parameters

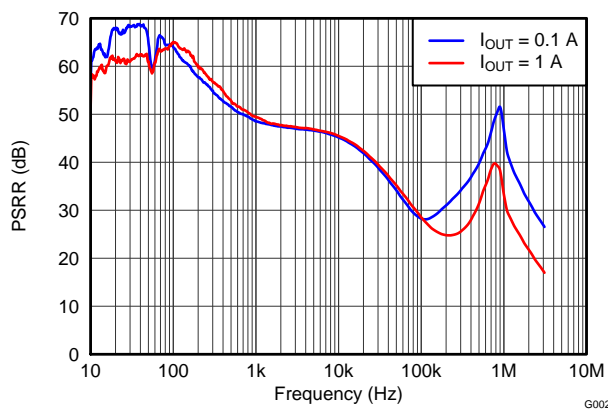
PARAMETER	DESIGN REQUIREMENT
Input voltage	3.3 V
Output voltage	2.5 V
Maximum output current	1.2 A

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

Select the desired device based on the output voltage.

Provide an input supply with adequate headroom to account for dropout and output current to account for the GND terminal current, and power the load.

8.2.3 Application Curve



$$V_{IN} = 5.0 \text{ V}, V_{OUT} = 3.3 \text{ V}$$

Figure 7. Power-Supply Ripple Rejection vs Frequency

9 Power Supply Recommendations

These devices are designed to operate from an input voltage supply range between 1.425 V and 6.5 V. The input voltage range provides adequate headroom in order for the device to have a regulated output. This input supply is well regulated and stable. If the input supply is noisy, additional input capacitors with low ESR help improve the output noise performance.

10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

10.1.1 Board Layout Recommendation to Improve PSRR and Noise Performance

To improve ac measurements like PSRR, output noise, and transient response, use the board design shown in the layout example of [Figure 8](#).

10.2 Layout Example

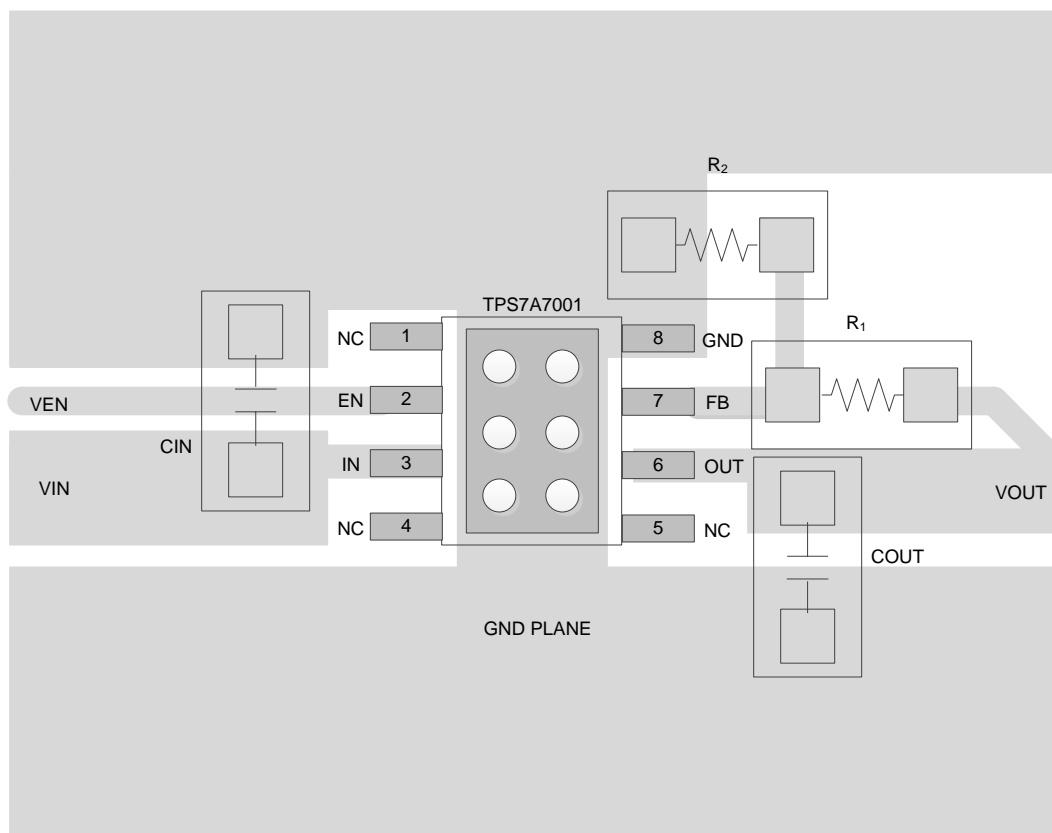


Figure 8. Layout Example

10.3 Thermal Protection

Thermal protection disables the output when the junction temperature rises to approximately 160°C, allowing the device to cool. When the junction temperature cools to approximately 140°C, the output circuitry is re-enabled.

The internal protection circuitry of the TPS7A7001 is designed to protect against overload conditions. The protection circuitry is not intended to replace proper heat sinking. Continuously running the TPS7A7001 into thermal shutdown degrades device reliability.

10.4 Power Dissipation

Power dissipation (P_D) of the device depends on the input voltage and load conditions and is calculated using [Equation 2](#):

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT} \quad (2)$$

In order to minimize power dissipation and achieve greater efficiency, use the lowest possible input voltage necessary to achieve the required output voltage regulation

On the SO (DDA) package, the primary conduction path for heat is through the exposed pad to the printed circuit board (PCB). The pad can be connected to ground or left floating; however, attach the pad to an appropriate amount of copper PCB area to prevent the device from overheating. The maximum junction-to-ambient thermal resistance depends on the maximum ambient temperature, maximum device junction temperature, and power dissipation of the device, and is calculated using [Equation 3](#):

$$R_{\theta JA} = \left(\frac{+125^{\circ}\text{C} - T_A}{P_D} \right) \quad (3)$$

11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Device Support

11.1.1 Device Nomenclature

PRODUCT ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
TPS7A7001yyyz	YYY is package designator. Z is package quantity.

(1) For the most current package and ordering information see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or visit the device product folder at www.ti.com.

11.2 Documentation Support

11.2.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

- [A Topical Index of TI LDO Application Notes](#)
- [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#)

11.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

11.4 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

TI E2E™ Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community*. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

11.5 Trademarks

PowerPAD, E2E are trademarks of Texas Instruments.
All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

11.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

11.7 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS7A7001DDA	ACTIVE	SO PowerPAD	DDA	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	QVH	Samples
TPS7A7001DDAR	ACTIVE	SO PowerPAD	DDA	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	QVH	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS7A7001DDAR	SO Power PAD	DDA	8	2500	330.0	12.8	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

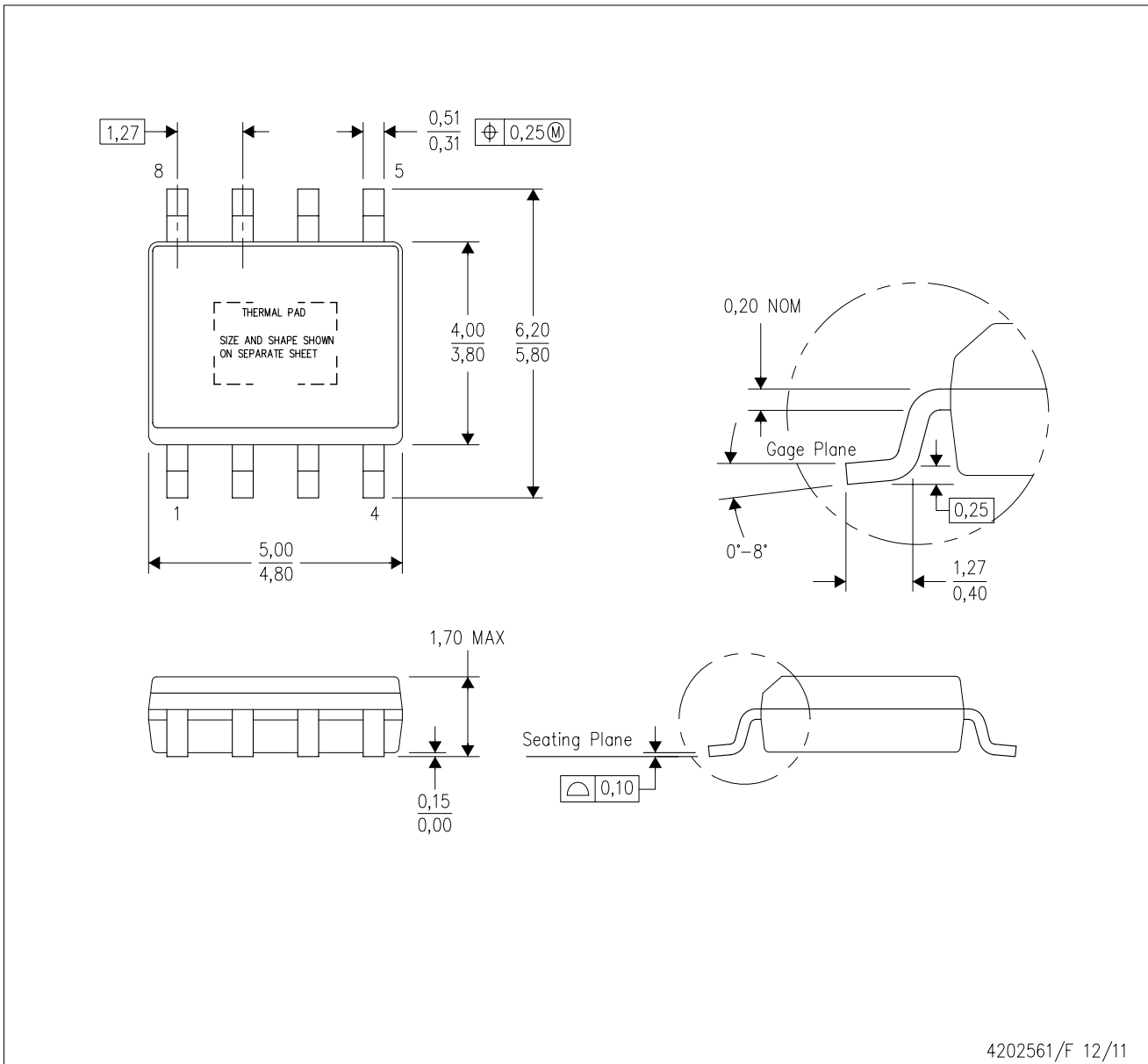


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS7A7001DDAR	SO PowerPAD	DDA	8	2500	366.0	364.0	50.0

DDA (R-PDSO-G8)

PowerPAD™ PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5-1994.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
 - D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 for information regarding recommended board layout. This document is available at www.ti.com <<http://www.ti.com>>.
 - E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
 - F. This package complies to JEDEC MS-012 variation BA

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

DDA (R-PDSO-G8)

PowerPAD™ PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

THERMAL INFORMATION

This PowerPAD™ package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached to a printed circuit board (PCB). The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the PCB. After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For additional information on the PowerPAD package and how to take advantage of its heat dissipating abilities, refer to Technical Brief, PowerPAD Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 and Application Brief, PowerPAD Made Easy, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA004. Both documents are available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.

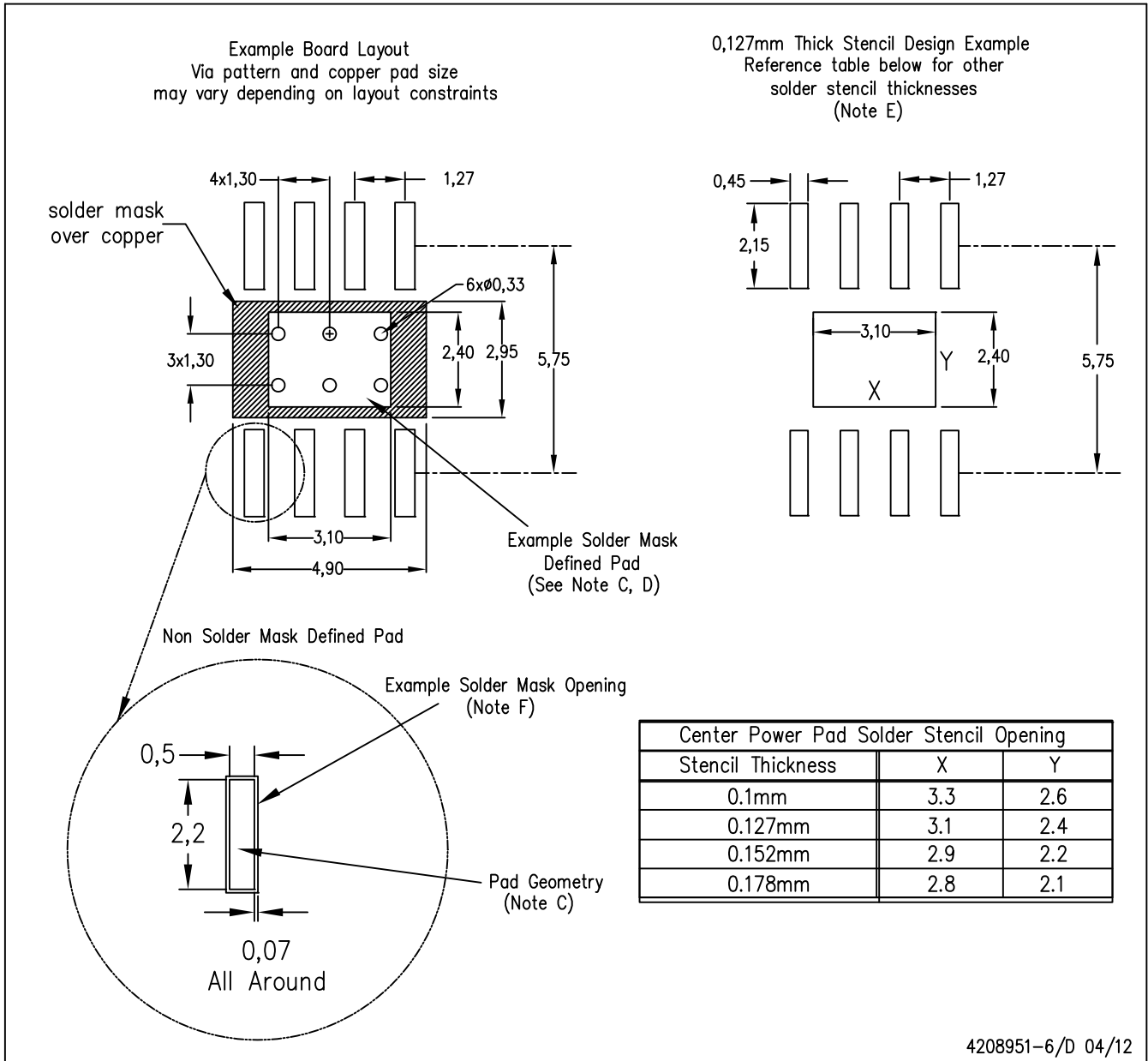


Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

4206322-6/L 05/12

NOTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002, SLMA004, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <<http://www.ti.com>>. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

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